Executive Summary Attachment #2

Title: REQUIRED CHANGES: Policies Governing Services for Children with Disabilities (Policies)

Reference: General Assembly of North Carolina | House Bill 149 Attachment #2.1

Recommendation: Policies
(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1401(3); 1401(30); 34 CFR 300.8; 115C-106.3(1)(2))

NC 1500-2.5 Consent

Consent means that—

(a) The parent has been fully informed of all information relevant to the activity for which consent is sought, in his or her native language, or other mode of communication;

(b) The parent understands and agrees in writing to the carrying out of the activity for which his or her consent is sought, and the consent describes that activity and lists the records (if any) that will be released and to whom; and

(c) (1) The parent understands that the granting of consent is voluntary on the part of the parent and may be revoked at any time.

(2) If a parent revokes consent, that revocation is not retroactive (i.e., it does not negate an action that has occurred after the consent was given and before the consent was revoked).

(3) If the parent revokes consent in writing for their child's receipt of special education services after the child is initially provided special education and related services, the public agency is not required to amend the child's education records to remove any references to the child's receipt of special education and related services because of the revocation of consent.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1414(a)(1)(D); 34 CFR 300.9)

NC 1500-2.6 Core Academic Subjects

Core academic subjects means English, reading or language arts, mathematics, science, foreign languages, civics and government, economics, arts, history, and geography.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1401(4); 34 CFR 300.10)

NC 1500-2.7 Day; Business Day; School Day

(a) Day means calendar day unless otherwise indicated as a business day or school day.

(b) Business day means Monday through Friday, except for Federal and State holidays.

(c) (1) School day means any day, including a partial day, that children are in attendance at school for instructional purposes.

(2) School day has the same meaning for all children in school, including children with and without disabilities.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3; 34 CFR 300-11)

NC 1500-2.x Dyslexia

Dyslexia is a specific learning disability that is neurobiological in origin. It is characterized by difficulties with accurate and/or fluent word recognition and by poor spelling and decoding abilities. These difficulties typically result from a deficit in the phonological component of language that is often unexpected in relation to other cognitive abilities and the provision of effective classroom instruction. Secondary consequences may include problems in reading comprehension and reduced reading experience that can impede growth of vocabulary and background knowledge.

(Authority: HB 149)

NC 1500-2.8 Early Intervening Services

The term early intervening services refers to the delivery of scientifically based instruction/interventions to students who demonstrate academic or behavioral difficulty. Instruction/interventions are intended for students who are not currently identified as needing special education but who need additional support to